

ملتان لائبر

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PARIS: Cloudy, occa- (6-7) (5-3), Tomorrow title temp 45-51 (7-8). LONDON: temp 43-51 (6-4), Tomorrow temp 45-51 (7-8). TOKYO: Cloudy, Temp 49-54 (7-3). FORECAST: Cloudy, Temp 49-54 (7-3).



United Press International. nzer Soleiman Khalifa during interrogation concerning assassination of Jordan Premier says: "I'm proud... At last we did it."

stinians Threaten e Assassinations in Firm Guerrillas Killer Drank Tell's Blood

Nov. 29 (AP)—King named Ahmed Wafsi Tell, the "killer" who was "after" a state... King Hussein... Jordan's military... assassination... Cairo, Nov. 29 (UPI)—The assassins of Jordanian Premier Wafsi Tell said today that his death was only the first of a series intended to eliminate every one who has opposed the cause of the Palestine revolution in the Arab world.

Says He Stands by Decision to Liberate Lands

Nov. 29 (UPI)—President Anwar Sadat said today he would not back on his decision to fight Israel in state occupied Arab lands... "We were going to kill Tell any where we laid our hands on him," he said.

an Talks Seek to Avert Wider Strike

29 (UPI)—Union leaders met tonight to attempt to avert a nationwide shutdown of Italy's vital export... "The union in the North... Baden-Wuerttemberg... 7.5 Percent Increase... The union in the North... Baden-Wuerttemberg... 7.5 Percent Increase... The union in the North... Baden-Wuerttemberg... 7.5 Percent Increase...

Apartheid Assailed in 9 UN Votes

General Assembly Acts on S. Africa

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Nov. 29 (UPI)—The UN General Assembly adopted by overwhelming majorities today nine resolutions aimed at curbing South Africa's policy of apartheid... The resolutions ranged from the arms embargo against South Africa to a condemnation of the South African system of African homelands (bantustans) and a call for a ban on any sports events in which racially segregated South African teams participate.

Will Meet Trudeau Next Month

Nixon to Start China Visit Feb. 21

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29 (WP)—President Nixon will begin his visit to China Feb. 21, more than a month after he completes his pre-summit consultations with allied leaders and three months before his scheduled journey to Moscow... "The government of the People's Republic of China and the government of the United States of America have agreed that President Nixon's visit to China shall begin on Feb. 21, 1972."

U.S. Told to Devalue Dollar Or Rome 10 Talks Will Fail

ROME, Nov. 29 (NYT)—There was no sign of a break today as the preliminary talks got under way to make another try at resolving the world's monetary crisis... "The United States was bluntly warned that if it was not prepared to modify its position, the high-level meetings under way here to deal with the crisis would end in failure, and business and market confidence would be further undermined."

Senate Passes U.S. Pay Hike That Nixon Ordered Delayed

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29 (WP)—The Senate voted 76 to 1 today to force a 5.5 percent pay rise for federal civilian and military employees on Jan. 1 despite a presidential order deferring it for six months... "The President control over wages and prices for a further 17 months, would override the Nixon-ordered postponement."

Civil Servants Strike in Italy

ROME, Nov. 29 (AP)—Fifty thousand high-ranking bureaucrats began a two-day national strike today, crippling civil service operations and the preparation of monthly paychecks for state employees... "The strike was the result of a 7,000 municipal and provincial secretaries, while employees of state-supported agencies scheduled a four-day walkout beginning Thursday."



Part of the multiple pile-up on the M-1 Highway yesterday near Luton, England.

8 Die, 50 Hurt on Fogbound U.K. Highway

LUTON, England, Nov. 29 (AP)—Eight persons were killed and 50 injured today in a pile-up of cars and trucks on a fogbound highway north of London... "There were dozens of people trapped in cars and trucks... with the rescue workers unable to reach them," an official said.

India Asserts Border Fight Is in 3d Day

NEW DELHI, Nov. 29 (Reuters)—President Agha Mohammed Yahya Khan of Pakistan has proposed the stationing of United Nations observers on the East Pakistan side of the border with India... "India officials said tonight that the battle between Indian and Pakistani forces in the strategic Hill area inside East Pakistan had entered its third day and 'is still going on.'"

China Criticizes India, Russia for Border Clashes

NEW DELHI today, Ambassador Kenneth Keating handed a message from President Nixon to Prime Minister Indira Gandhi... "China criticized India, Russia for border clashes. Story on Page 2."

NYSE Prices Continue to Rise

NEW YORK, Nov. 29 (NYT)—Prices on the New York Stock Exchange continued to rise sharply today on heavy trading... "The Dow-Jones industrial average rose 13.14 points to close at 829.73. This indicator soared 17.96 points Friday. Volume today was 18.9 million shares, compared with 10.87 on the semi-holiday session Friday. Details on Page 9."

Flies Them to Cuba

Mexico Frees 9 Regime Foes As Ransom for Kidnap Victim

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 29 (WP)—Bowing to demands by the kidnappers of a university rector, the Mexican government yesterday released nine political prisoners and flew them to Cuba... "The nine prisoners, including one woman, flew in a military aircraft from Mexico City to Cuba yesterday as part of the agreement to obtain the release of Mr. Castrejon, rector of the State University of Guerrero."

French Invent Protest Picnic

PARIS, Nov. 29 (AP)—French customs inspectors at Orly Airport have invented the protest picnic... "To protest what they consider high prices at their center, the 450 customs men at Orly and the nearby Marigny central market plan to stage a picnic at noon Wednesday in the central passenger waiting room at Orly... The meal price the inspectors don't like is 5.67 francs."

Welcome Wilson's Proposals

Tories Endorse United Ireland Talks

By Bernard Weinraub

LONDON, Nov. 29 (NYT)—The British government today welcomed proposals for talks that could lead to a united Ireland.

"We are perfectly prepared to enter into discussions," Reginald Maudling, the Home Secretary, told the House of Commons this afternoon.

The government's acceptance of the idea of such talks, as proposed last Thursday by former Prime Minister Harold Wilson, was a significant step forward in the delicate question of Irish unification. For years, the leaders of both major parties have maintained that the 50-year-old division of Northern Ireland and the Republic of Ireland was not an issue in settling the bitter religious strife in Ulster.

Mr. Wilson, however, put forward a plan that could lead to a united Ireland—a plan that has been rejected by the Northern Ireland Protestant government and greeted warmly by many minority Catholic leaders.

Mr. Wilson's proposals start with the formation of a constitutional commission with representatives of the British, Ulster and Dublin governments. The commission would examine proposals for a united Ireland, with safeguards for the Protestants in the North.

The Labor party leader suggested that a new constitution would come into effect 15 years from the date that agreements were reached among Britain, Northern Ireland and the Irish Republic. During this time, Britain would continue to provide the security in Northern Ireland.

Although the Northern Ireland government views the plan with disdain, Mr. Wilson's proposals have evoked sharp interest because it was the first time that a major political leader had broached the question of Irish unification.

"It is now, as a result of this speech, politically respectable for British politicians to talk about a united Ireland," said John Hume, the former Londonderry schoolteacher who has emerged as the most influential Roman Catholic leader in Northern Ireland.

Today, Mr. Maudling—speaking for the British government—made it clear that momentum for Irish unification was growing.

With Prime Minister Edward Heath sitting nearby, Mr. Maudling said: "I would say if by agreement the North and South

should at some time decide to come together in a united Ireland, it that should be their wish, then not only would we not object that solution but I am sure the whole British people would warmly welcome it."

Mr. Maudling was speaking in a debate on a Labor party motion that criticized "the failure of the government's present policies in Northern Ireland." It was defeated by a vote of 293 to 259. The motion had reflected the feelings of the left wing of the Labor party by criticizing intervention without trial and "extraction of information from detainees by methods which must never be permitted in a civilized society."

Mr. Maudling today defended the government's policies in Northern Ireland, including the controversial internment measures to root out suspected terrorists. The internment policy, begun on Aug. 9 at the urging of the Ulster government, plunged Northern Ireland into the worst political crisis of its 50-year history. The tactic of internment suspects without trial has also spurred charges of mistreatment of Catholic prisoners.

Wilson Talks in Boston

BOSTON, Nov. 29 (NYT)—Mr. Wilson reiterated his 15-year plan for the reunification of Ireland and urged the adoption of the proposals that would allow its entry as an independent republic into the Commonwealth.

Mr. Wilson arrived here yesterday from Canada to deliver the three annual Will Clayton lectures at the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy at Tufts University.

Asked whether his program envisioned "freedom for Ireland," he said:

"Read my program. I propose an Irish Republic with tough guarantees for the minorities of the North and total rule for the people of Ireland when they are unified. This would give Ireland the same status as India. Ireland, once united, would recognize the queen as head of the Commonwealth—which would help to satisfy the people of the North who are loyal to Great Britain—but would involve no derogation of Irish sovereignty. India is totally self-ruling and Ireland would be also."

In the County Down town of Castledawson, a gunman armed with a submachine gun and three companions held up the local office of the Provincial Bank of Ireland.

Spokesmen said that the men escaped with an unknown sum of money after putting the branch's telephone out of commission. No shots were fired.

Meanwhile, an International Red Cross report, issued today, cited overcrowding and poor recreation facilities as the two main hardships encountered by men interned as suspected Irish Republican Army extremists.

"The lack of space and the total absence of physical or intellectual exercise break the strongest will," two Swiss representatives, who prepared the report, said.

In Londonderry, a bomb ignited a fire that badly damaged a Health Ministry office. Spokesmen said that three armed men placed the bomb and sprinkled the office with gasoline before fleeing.

Another fire, started by a incendiary device, damaged a customs post three miles away at Killea.

China Assails India, Russia For Warfare

New Delhi Officials Walk Out of Reception

PEKING, Nov. 29 (Reuters)—China strongly criticized India and the Soviet Union tonight over the fighting along the Indian-Pakistan border.

India's chargé d'affaires, Brajesh Mishra, and his military attaché here left a reception after the attack in a speech by Vice-Premier Li Hsien-nien.

"In the past few days, because the Indian government, supported and encouraged by social imperialism, has been carrying out provocative activities and military provocations against East Pakistan, tension on the subcontinent has been aggravated," Mr. Li said.

He did not mention the Soviet Union by name, but "social imperialism" is a Chinese reference to the Soviet government.

The reception, in a Peking hotel, marked the 27th anniversary of the liberation of Albania, China's closest ally.

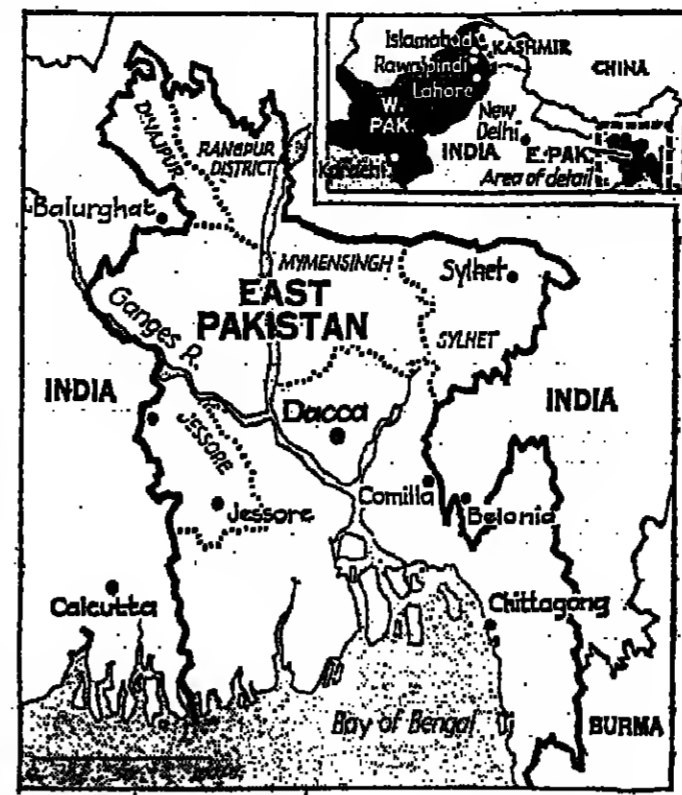
In his speech, Mr. Li said:

"We maintain that disputes between states should be settled by the two parties concerned through peaceful consultations and absolutely not by resorting to force. It is all the more impermissible for a country under any pretext to employ large numbers of armed troops to willfully cross its own border and invade and occupy another country's territory."

"In order to ease the present tension, we hold that serious consideration should be given to President Yahya Khan's reasonable proposal for the armed forces of India and Pakistan to withdraw respectively from the border and disengage."

Chinese Premier Chou En-lai was present during the speech and the walkout by the Indians. Diplomats from Hungary, West Germany, Bulgaria, Poland and Czechoslovakia earlier left the reception when Albanian Ambassador Khorrti Babo said U.S. imperialism and Soviet social imperialism continued to act in collusion to divide the world into spheres of influence.

Diplomats of the Soviet Union, which has no relations with Albania, were not invited to the banquet.



Where fighting continues in East Pakistan.

India Asserts Border Battle 'Is Still Going On' in 3d Day

(Continued from Page 1)

way depot, which is a few miles inside East Pakistan.

This is the main communication link between the northwest corner of East Pakistan and Jessore, a key Pakistani-held military base about 150 miles south.

The Jessore area has been under attack for several days by the Bengali insurgents who are fighting, with Indian support, for the independence of East Pakistan.

Supply Problem Possible

Should the Pakistanis lose the Hill railroad, their troops in the region would be unable to draw on Jessore for reinforcements and supplies. The entire northwest section, comprising Dinajpur and Rangpur districts, could then possibly fall.

These districts represent about a tenth of the area of East Pakistan, which perhaps explains why the Pakistanis are fighting so hard to hold the railroad.

The Indian spokesman said that the Pakistanis had lost another tank in the Balurghat-Hill fighting yesterday, bringing to 19 the number of Pakistani tanks the Indians say they have destroyed or captured in the three acknowledged "self-defense" intrusions into East Pakistan.

The first occurred eight days ago at Boyra, about 60 miles northeast of Calcutta, and the two others have been in the Balurghat-Hill area.

Asked how many miles inside East Pakistan the latest clash was taking place, the Indian spokesman said, "Two or three miles."

On Sunday, in a speech in Calcutta, Defense Minister Jagjivan Ram said the troops now had permission to move as deep into East Pakistan as the range of the Pakistani artillery firing on them.

This could be as deep as 15 to 20 miles, which would bring some of the key Pakistani strongholds within the reach of the Indians.

The briefing spokesman today elaborated on the conditions that warrant "self-defense" retaliation: Indian troops would cross the border, he said, "whenever the life or property of our citizens or troops is in danger or the integrity of our borders is threatened."

He said the troops would stay inside Pakistan until the threat was removed.

Pakistan Admits Loss

RAWALPINDI, Pakistan, Nov. 29 (AP)—Pakistan admitted today the loss of the village of Jhannagar, a key point controlling a 165-square-mile triangle of land pointing into Indian West Bengal.

Jhannagar, five miles east of the Indian border, is the second village the Pakistanis have said

Hussein Firm on Guerrillas; Tell Is Given Royal Funeral

(Continued from Page 1)

tribes. He has a reputation as a technical expert and will operate more within the king's shadow than did Mr. Tell, political sources said.

The announcement said he will also hold the defense minister's post, as did Mr. Tell. Mr. Lawzi served as finance minister under Mr. Tell. Transportation Minister Anis Mosasher is to take over this job.

Mr. Lawzi, like Mr. Tell, is an East Bank Jordanian from Suweilah, a town three miles northeast of Amman.

Mr. Tell was buried in the royal cemetery after a service attended by 3,000 persons, many of whom weeping openly. A special plane had brought his body back from Cairo.

A 21-gun salute was fired as his coffin was lowered into a grave beside King Hussein's grandfather, King Abdullah, who was assassinated in Jerusalem in 1951. Mr. Tell is the first commander to be buried in the cemetery.

King Hussein, dressed in a general's uniform with a black sash, had tears streaming down his cheeks as he offered condolences to Mr. Tell's widow, Sadia, and other black-garbed women of Mr. Tell's family, who stood 50 yards from the grave.

The hour-long funeral in Basman Palace Mosque, had been attended by members of the royal family, government officials, military officers and diplomats. In keeping with Moslem tradition, no women were present.

Among the wreaths on the gun carriage which bore the body from the mosque to the cemetery were four from Egypt, including one from President Sadat, who had disapproved of Mr. Tell's appointment as premier because



Ahmed Lawzi

of his tough stand against the Palestinian guerrillas.

While the funeral was in progress there were several demonstrations in downtown Amman in which wailing women pulled their hair in grief and men demanded that the government strike back at the guerrillas.

Informants said authorities had taken special precautions, including moving troops into Amman, to prevent the funeral from turning into an anti-Palestinian manifestation.

But Mr. Tell's death spells the end of efforts to reach a reconciliation between the guerrillas and Amman. Egypt and Saudi Arabia have been trying for the past two months to work one out, said their latest effort ended unsuccessfully Friday.

The official newspaper Al Rai (Opinion) warned Palestinian guerrillas today that Jordan will "reach out after them, and you will not be protected by millions of dollars worth of precautions and underground tunnels."

Its editorial was interpreted as a threat by Jordan to the guerrillas that it may carry out attacks against them in Arab capitals such as Beirut and Damascus, where the guerrillas maintain bases and offices.

Pope's Condolences

VATICAN CITY, Nov. 29 (AP)—Pope Paul VI, in a message to King Hussein, today deplored the assassination of Mr. Tell.

"With deep sadness we have learned of the tragic death of your premier," the Pope said in a telegram. "We wish to assure Your Majesty and the people of Jordan that we deplore this act of violence, and we join you in your hour of sorrowful mourning."

The Pope has often sought to exert a peacemaking influence in the Middle East.

'Black September' Unit

BEIRUT, Nov. 29 (AP)—The "Black September" organization, which appeared to carry out the assassination of Jordan's premier, is a secret branch of the largest Palestinian guerrilla group, el-Fatah, a reliable guerrilla source said today.

The informant, who is not a member of el-Fatah, said the assassination "was the organization's first major operation and marked the start of a scorched-earth struggle against King Hussein."

el-Fatah has made no official comment on Mr. Tell's death. However, the guerrilla source noted that four el-Fatah-controlled organizations of Palestinian students, women and workers had appealed to Egyptian President Anwar Sadat to release "the four heroes who carried out their national duty."

This immediate response contrasted with previous el-Fatah policy of withholding comment on hijackings and other actions in which guerrillas were involved.

What cleared the way for the assassination was the failure Friday of reconciliation talks in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, between the guerrillas and the Jordan government. The talks had been dragging on since September.

Kamal Adwan, the el-Fatah spokesman, warned the Jordan government when the talks broke down that "the next round will be different from all previous rounds."

el-Fatah is not likely to claim responsibility for the assassination, because it would complicate relations with Egypt, which allows the guerrillas to operate a radio station in Cairo.

Even though Mr. Tell was not popular with Egyptian officials, the assassination, because it took place in Cairo, constituted an embarrassment to President Sadat, whom the guerrillas are anxious to keep on their side.

Egypt, along with Saudi Arabia, sponsored the Jordan guerrilla reconciliation talks. Guerrilla leaders went to work immediately to soften the reaction in Cairo.

Zuhair Muhsein, a member of the Palestine Liberation Organization's executive committee, said the assassination represented "fascist thinking and did not serve the cause of the Palestinians."

Spills in el-Fatah started developing after the 1970 civil war in Jordan. The "Black September" organization was formed to avenge Palestinian deaths in this war.

Disent intensified after King Hussein's army drove the guerrilla leaders from Jordan in July. A militant faction of el-Fatah was believed responsible for the hijackings of three Jordanian airliners in September as well as an attempt to plant a bomb aboard a Jordanian plane before it took off for Amman.

Leftist guerrilla groups, such as the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, whose hijacking of three airliners led to the Jordan civil war, criticized el-Fatah moderates for agreeing to enter into reconciliation talks with the Jordanians.

Bomb Damages Hail in Northern Spain

REBAR, Spain, Nov. 29 (Reuters)—A bomb explosion today rocked the municipal town hall of this small hill town in the heart of the northern Basque country.

The building's transformer was destroyed, the lower floors badly damaged and windows blown out of neighboring buildings. But no injuries were reported.

Ten days ago a similar explosion wrecked the offices of the state-controlled labor syndicate organization at the provincial capital of Vitoria, about 35 miles south of here.

Cosmos-458 Launched

MOSCOW, Nov. 29 (Reuters)—The Soviet Union today launched Cosmos-458, its latest Sputnik, Tass reported.

3 Gunmen Rob Ulster Bank, Soldier Is Grazed by Bullet

BELFAST, Nov. 29 (UPI)—Gunmen raided a bank today and a sniper's bullet grazed the head of a British soldier in Belfast in scattered violence in Northern Ireland.

Gunmen also blew up a Health Ministry office in Londonderry

and destroyed a customs post that had been attacked several times previously.

An army spokesman said that a British trooper was slightly injured when a sniper's bullet grazed his head as he and other soldiers sought to pull an armored car out of a ditch following a traffic accident in the Roman Catholic Andersonstown area.

"Another inch and the wound would have been a lot more serious," he said.

In the County Down town of Castledawson, a gunman armed with a submachine gun and three companions held up the local office of the Provincial Bank of Ireland.

Spokesmen said that the men escaped with an unknown sum of money after putting the branch's telephone out of commission. No shots were fired.

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U.S. Told to Devalue Dollar Or Rome 10 Talks Will Fail

(Continued from Page 1)

tribute to the adjustment by devaluing the dollar.

Tomorrow Mr. Connally will be asked whether or not devaluation is in the cards. If the answer is no, the meeting is expected by European sources to break up without any significant progress.

The United States said initially that it wanted a \$13 billion swing. Mr. Volcker said today that the United States is still seeking the full adjustment for getting rid of its 10 percent surcharge, according to European sources.

Two international groups that watch monetary affairs closely—the International Monetary Fund and the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development—have said a swing of \$3 billion to \$9 billion should be adequate.

10 % Realignment

According to widely circulated monetary calculations an average 10 percent realignment between the value of other currencies and the dollar would produce the \$3-billion swing.

Realignment packages have been discussed since the crisis began last August that would provide for this 10 percent spread. But from the European and Japanese side, nothing is satisfactory unless the United States contributes by devaluing the dollar. This enables the upvaluations of other currencies to be smaller, a point of considerable political as well as economic significance for these countries.

But there is as yet no agreement either on the matter of a dollar devaluation or on the size of the swing that should be aimed at. And the other countries are still at odds over the precise relationship not only between their currencies and the dollar but also between their currencies and all the others.

Nixon Goes to China Feb. 21, 3 Months Before Moscow Visit

(Continued from Page 1)

and views of the allied leaders he meets.

"We want to be conscious of the vital concerns of our allies," he emphasized.

The official said that while there is an understanding "of our general purposes," there is "a degree of uncertainty as to what our moves mean." The President's purpose in meeting with the allied leaders is to relieve that uncertainty, he said.

The President requested the meetings with allied leaders, in this country and at other locations, because he did not want to embark upon a ceremonial tour of world capitals, the official said.

Mr. Nixon is fully prepared to discuss monetary and trade issues as well as his summit plans, but he does not expect the economic issues to be resolved at his talks.

The monetary issues are technically very complex," the official said. "Of course, they'll come up, but I don't think we can come to a final resolution of

monetary issues in a series of bilateral meetings.

The President has scheduled separate meetings in December with French President Georges Pompidou, Portuguese Premier Marcello Caetano, British Prime Minister Edward Heath, West German Chancellor Willy Brandt and Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau. A final meeting will be held in January, with Japanese Premier Eisaku Sato.

The State Department announced today that Secretary of State William P. Rogers will leave Washington Saturday for Iceland.

Mr. Rogers will stay in Reykjavik Saturday end Sunday. He will fly Sunday evening to Paris to meet with French government officials, including Foreign Minister Maurice Schumann, and to participate in a meeting of American chiefs of diplomatic missions in Europe.

In between, on Tuesday, Dec. 7, Mr. Rogers will pay a morning-evening visit to Luxembourg, a member of the Atlantic alliance.

After returning to Paris Tuesday evening, Mr. Rogers will sit in at the conference of American ambassadors the following day and then attend the NATO ministerial council meeting in Brussels, Dec. 8-10.

He is scheduled to return to Washington Saturday, Dec. 11.

Advertisement for DOMESCO Sherry, featuring a bottle and the text 'TEASING! FLAVOUR SAND & GAIETY OF SPAIN LA INA SHERRY BY DOMESCO THE MASTER SHERRYMAKERS'.

Advertisement for MICHEL SWISS PERFUMES-GLOVES BAGS-TIES-GIFTS SPECIAL EXPERT DISCOUNT 16 Rue de la Paix - PARIS Tel: 01-26-32-36

WEATHER table listing conditions for various cities like ALGARVE, AMSTERDAM, ANKARA, ATHENS, BEIRUT, BELGRADE, BERLIN, BRISBANE, BUDAPEST, CAIRO, CASABLANCA, COSENTINO, COSTA DEL SOL, DUBLIN, EDINBURGH, FLORENCE, FRANKFURT, GENOVA, HESSEN, ISTANBUL, LAS PALMAS, LISBON, MADRID, MONTREAL, MOSCOW, MUNICH, NEW YORK, NICE, OSLO, PARIS, ROME, SOFIA, STOCKHOLM, TEL AVIV, TUNIS, VIENNA, WARSAW, WASHINGTON, ZURICH.



Is Given Firm

Workers on Jobs Ports

negotiations resumed

Nov. 29 (AP)—A court order in a case filed in the U.S. District Court in New York City today gave the longshoremen's union a firm position in the negotiations with the shipping industry.

The court order, which was issued by Judge J. Paul Oakes, said that the union's demand for a 10 percent wage increase and a 10 percent reduction in working hours would be met.

The union, which represents about 400,000 longshoremen, had been on strike since Oct. 1. The strike had cost the shipping industry about \$1 billion in lost business.

The court order was issued after a series of negotiations between the union and the shipping industry had failed to reach an agreement.

The union's demand for a 10 percent wage increase and a 10 percent reduction in working hours is a major goal for the union. The union has been on strike since Oct. 1, and the shipping industry has lost about \$1 billion in business.

The court order was issued after a series of negotiations between the union and the shipping industry had failed to reach an agreement.



South Vietnamese troops looking for enemy in brush around Highway 7 in Cambodia.

33 U.S. Soldiers Are Missing On Da Nang Helicopter Trip

SAIGON, Nov. 29 (UPI)—The U.S. command said today that 33 American soldiers were missing aboard an Army CH-47 helicopter along the upper coast of South Vietnam and that an air and sea search had failed to find any trace of the craft.

The search for the copter, believed to have gone down at sea yesterday on a 40-mile flight from Da Nang to the headquarters of the 101st Airborne Division at Phu Bai, was being led by a destroyer and included dozens of helicopters and planes.

U.S. spokesmen also reported that an A-37 jet was shot down in Cambodia today and that its pilot was wounded. Four other helicopters have been lost in Indochina in the last four days, the spokesmen said, putting the toll at 36 missing, three dead and seven injured aboard the six aircraft.

The GIs aboard the CH-47 helicopter came from a division that is being withdrawn from South Vietnam.

U.S. Navy's Commandos Quitting War

By Craig R. Whitney
SAIGON, Nov. 29 (NYT)—The last members of a special group of U.S. Navy commandos, whose secret intelligence operations in the Mekong Delta have included kidnappings of suspected Viet Cong agents and many unreported clashes with guerrillas, are being pulled out of Vietnam.

The official reason for the presence in Vietnam of the commandos, called SEALs—an acronym for sea, air, land—has been "intelligence collection." But, according to sources closely connected with the program, the most important reason for their remaining over the last few months was their role as a contingency force for rescuing American prisoners of war, an operation with the code name Bright Light.

"The combat role of the SEALs has ended," the Navy commander in Saigon, Rear Adm. Robert S. Sabet, said in a recent interview. Other military sources confirmed that most of the 30 or so men left would be pulled out early next month.

SEAL combat operations in the placid, supposedly pacified Mekong Delta ended last month. SEAL officers say they were stopped because of the political sensitivity of the Navy Commando here and because some members of the commando teams in the field have become afraid that their activities might bring down on them the kind of prosecution that convicted Lt. William I. Calley Jr. in the massacre of civilians at My Lai.

The SEALs have never found any American prisoners of war, but they liberated 48 South Vietnamese soldiers in raids on enemy base camps in the delta swamps last year.

The commando teams can operate from high-speed river boats, from helicopters, by parachute, or by swimming under water. They are all volunteers.

The first SEAL teams came to Vietnam in 1966, and at the height of American participation in the war there were 150 of them here.

In the delta last year, the SEALs, brought in by helicopter, killed 50 of the enemy in encounters that were never mentioned by the U.S. command in Saigon. Last July, in one four-hour exchange of fire, 30 Viet Cong were killed by a combination of SEAL machine-gun bullets and air strikes from Navy helicopter gunships operating with the commandos.

The commandos asked a reporter not to identify the province where these operations had taken place for fear that they would be punished for talking to the press. The province has been rated 98 percent pacified.

100 Volkswagens Stranded and Ships by U.S. Dock Strike

Nov. 29—An estimated 100,000 Volkswagens are stranded thanks to the East Coast dock strike in States, a company spokesman said today.

The company is running out of ships. The last one available this week, he said, was used after the company notified its deep inside Cambodia, engaged in an artillery duel last night and early today with enemy forces hidden in the Chup rubber plantation, field reports said. There were no immediate reports of casualties on either side.

The U.S. command reported a B-52 strike today against a suspected enemy storage site in the southern half of the Demilitarized Zone between the two Vietnams.

In Laos, government forces launched an offensive in the northeastern edge of the Bolaven Plateau, cutting North Vietnamese supply lines and relieving enemy pressure on government positions at Pakxong and Saravane, 200 miles southeast of Vientiane, a Defense Ministry spokesman said in the Laos capital today.

Gen. Thongphan Knoeksy said government troops had recaptured the road junction of Thakeng and that the fighting had been very sharp, with 17 government soldiers killed and 80 wounded. The enemy left 59 of their dead on the battlefield, he said.

The general also asserted that the North Vietnamese regiment engaged in the fighting had been virtually put out of action. He said most of the casualties had been inflicted by heavy U.S. and Laotian air strikes before the ground assault.

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Objects to Deficits, Campaign Financing

Nixon Threat to Veto Senate Tax-Cut Bill

By Carroll Kilpatrick

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29 (WP)—President Nixon warned Congress today that he would veto the pending tax bill if it is sent to him with "budget-busting" Senate amendments or the campaign financing provision.

White House press secretary Ron Ziegler, who used the "budget-busting" phrase, said that Mr. Nixon reached his decision in a three-hour meeting with his congressional liaison staff.

Clark MacGregor, the President's chief liaison officer with Congress, said that the Senate version of the tax measure contains "fatal flaws."

Both Mr. Ziegler and Mr. MacGregor emphasized that the President very much wanted his tax-cutting proposals approved this year to stimulate the economy and help alleviate unemployment.

Big Budget Deficit

Mr. MacGregor said that the Senate bill would result in additional budget deficits over the next three years totaling \$13 billion more than the President's proposal.

On Capitol Hill, House and Senate conferees met to consider differences between the House measure, which Mr. Nixon generally supports, and the Senate bill.

Democratic leaders declared that they would not be "coerced" by the President's threat of a veto. Rep. Wilbur Mills, D., Ark., chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee, termed the President's statement a "politic" way to put pressure on Congress, but Rep. Mills said: "It doesn't work on me."

Rep. Mills, who heads the tax conferees, said that he would work toward a bill resembling the House version, indicating his feeling that a veto-proof measure would emerge from the consultations.

Campaign Financing

Democrats, led by Sen. John Pastore of Rhode Island, won approval against strong Republican opposition of an amendment to the tax bill that would allow each individual taxpayer to allocate \$1 of his tax money to the party of his choice for presidential campaign expenses.

Mr. MacGregor said that additional tax relief the Senate voted "destroyed the budget balance" and would produce "added deficits" during the next three fiscal years.

He also called the tax check-off system for financing presidential elections "fundamentally unwise."

Declaring that such a system would "produce a proliferation of political parties," Mr. MacGregor said that there would be a serious risk that a future president "would enjoy a popular mandate insufficient to govern effectively."

"These Senate amendments were adopted without thoughtful committee consideration, without public understanding and without responsible deliberation," Mr. MacGregor said. He called the additional tax cuts in the Senate bill "highly inflationary."

5 Amendments Cited

Mr. MacGregor listed five tax-reducing amendments tacked on

Red China Agrees To Send Experts, Funds to Peru

PEKING, Nov. 29 (Reuters)—China has agreed to send technical experts to Peru and has given the South American country a \$45-million loan in technical aid, it was officially announced here last night.

The Peruvian minister of power and mining, Gen. Jorge Fernandez Maldonado Solari, who held a 90-minute meeting with Chinese Premier Chou En-lai yesterday, said that China had also agreed to buy Peruvian copper, lead and zinc worth slightly more than \$100 million.

The general was speaking at Peking's Great Hall of the People after signing two agreements on technical and economic cooperation.

Gen. Fernandez Maldonado revealed that the Chinese foreign trade minister, Pai Hsiang-kuo, had accepted an invitation to visit Peru when his obligations allowed.

Agnew Criticizes AMA's 'Rhetoric' About Pollution

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 29 (AP)—Vice-President Agnew said yesterday that he expected Democrats to use "doomsday rhetoric" about pollution but that he was sorry to see the American Medical Association do the same.

The Vice-President criticized the AMA last night in a speech before the American Medical Political Action Committee, which is meeting here in conjunction with an AMA convention.

Mr. Agnew referred to an AMA advertisement in a national magazine last month which said that diseases caused by pollution cost \$38 billion a year. It carried the heading: "If America Dies, Where Will We Bury It?"

"The environment is the ripest field of all for doomsday rhetoric, even though the administration is moving positively and aggressively to correct years of neglect and I'm sorry to say that even the AMA has been caught up in it," Mr. Agnew said.

Manson Sentence For Two Murders

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 29 (AP)—Charles Manson, already under a death sentence for the seven Sharon Tate murders, was sentenced to life imprisonment today by a jury that convicted him of the murders two years ago of a stuntman and a musician.

In the Tate case, Manson received eight death sentences.

Today's verdict was on two counts of murder and one of conspiracy. Manson, 37, longtime leader of a hippie-style "family," was found guilty on Nov. 2 of the slayings of Gary Hinman, a 42-year-old musician, and Donald (Shorty) Shea, a former movie stuntman whose body has never been found.

Two Women Kill Chinese Publisher At Saigon Home

SAIGON, Nov. 29 (AP)—Two young women who the police said belonged to a Chinese Communist organization shot and killed a leading Chinese newspaper publisher at his home in Saigon today. Both women escaped.

Quach Phat, 57, who was shot dead as he was leaving for his office, was publisher of Thanh Cong and Tan Sanh, two of the largest Chinese newspapers in Saigon.

Mr. Phat was described as a Chinese Nationalist and a supporter of President Nguyen Van Thieu's government.

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You pay an annual fee of \$15. Supplementary Cards for other members of your firm or family cost \$10 each. There are no other charges.

New Cabinet Approved in East Germany

2 Deputy Premiers Resign; One Replaced

BERLIN, Nov. 29 (Reuters).—East German Premier Willi Stoph today presented a new 38-member government to the Volkskammer, which approved it unanimously.

Alexander Abusch, 69, and Max Sefrin, 58, both stepped down as deputy premier at their own request, for health reasons.

The list of 10 deputy premiers presented to and approved by the 500-member Volkskammer (parliament) contained one replacement, Rudolph Schulze, 52, formerly minister for posts and communications and commerce. No replacement was named for the second deputy premier who resigned.

Erich Haase, minister of material supplies in the previous government, and Fritz Scharfenstein, minister for district and local councils, were relieved of their posts to be transferred to "other important functions."

Mr. Stoph presented his new government in an address opening the Volkskammer's second session since it was elected at a single-list poll last Nov. 14.

Five-Year Plan
Stoph told the assembly that the five-year economic plan for 1971-1975 and the economic plan for next year would shortly be presented to the Volkskammer for discussion.

He also called for "moral and material incentives" to be created in order to direct the initiative of enterprises toward producing goods required by the population, the economy and the state.

Thinking and action oriented just to profit for the enterprise went against insuring planned supplies and contradicted the Socialist economy, he added.

This remark was seen by some observers as a refutation of economic reforms favored by former Communist party leader Walter Ulbricht.

On agriculture, Mr. Stoph said he would weather this year had made it gain impossible to avoid considerable shortfall in the harvest.

There had been no other solution to this problem but to make a wide series of imports of agricultural products, especially animal foodstuffs.

Greece to Cut Income Taxes in 1972 Budget

ATHENS, Nov. 29 (Reuters).—Greek Finance Minister Ioannis Koulis said today that the government would reduce the scale of income taxes and impose no new taxes in the 1972 budget. The minister said this would result in almost a \$40-million loss in the budget but would be more than balanced by an expected increase in domestic spending.

Former Deputy Freed
ATHENS, Nov. 29 (AP).—A former leftist deputy and newspaper executive, Fotis Farakopoulos, who had been held without charge since the 1967 army coup, was unexpectedly freed from an island prison camp yesterday, reliable sources said.

Mr. Farakopoulos was a member of the United Democratic Left party and the director of the Athens newspaper Avgli when the military seized power and suspended parliamentary rule.

Bonn and Algiers To Resume Ties

ALGIERS, Nov. 29 (Reuters).—West Germany and Algeria are to resume diplomatic relations, possibly before Christmas, diplomatic sources said here today.

They said there is no obstacle on the Algerian side to a renewal of relations, broken off by Algeria and other Arab countries in 1963 when Bonn recognized Israel.

The West German government, they added, decided last Wednesday to resume relations. Arab governments were willing to do so without waiting for a joint Arab decision, the sources said. A contract that guarantees them.

Italy Keeps Lead In Bridge Tourney

ATHENS, Nov. 29 (UPI).—The players in the European bridge championship enjoyed a rest day here today, with Italy holding a commanding lead in the open series and Great Britain its only serious challenger. In the 12th round last night Italy beat Netherlands 17-3, while the British could only manage 15-5 against Germany.

The standings were: 1st, Italy, 224; 2nd, Great Britain, 204; 3rd, Denmark, 164; 4th, Portugal, 145; 5th, Switzerland, 139.

In the women's championship the leaders were: 1st, Italy, 142; 2nd, France, 124; 3rd, Netherlands, 122.

—ALAN TRUSCOTT.

Schmidt in Canberra

CANBERRA, Nov. 29 (UPI).—West German Defense Minister Helmut Schmidt arrived today for two days of talks with the Australian government about the problems of Germany and Eastern Europe.



EEC TROUBLE—Employees of the Common Market on strike yesterday in Brussels.

EEC Ministers Seek Fishing Rights Accord

By Richard Norton-Taylor
BRUSSELS, Nov. 29 (WP).—European foreign ministers met here today in an attempt to solve the last major issue in the negotiations to enlarge the Common Market—how to open up national fishing limits to other member nations.

Belgian police were out in force as striking Common Market civil servants—or "Eurocrats" as they are popularly termed—picketed the Common Market headquarters. The strike represents another possible barrier to the signing of the treaty admitting Britain, Ireland, Denmark and Norway to the six-nation Common Market before Christmas.

For psychological, political and practical reasons, Britain wants to sign the treaty of accession before Christmas so that Parliament can start debating the complex legislation early in the new year. Lawyers and translators are working day and night to meet the deadline.

The striking Eurocrats are demanding an 11 percent pay rise. They voted today 471 to 37, to extend their strike until 8:30 a.m. Friday.

Late-Night Meeting
Meanwhile, the 10 foreign ministers involved in the talks here were preparing for a late-night session in their negotiation of fishing rights.

Although not crucial in economic terms, the issue of access to national fishing zones is a highly sensitive political issue in all four countries seeking admission. A satisfactory solution

Heavy Snowfall, Floods Hit Italy; One Man Killed

ROME, Nov. 29 (UPI).—A storm front stretching from the Alps to Sicily yesterday dumped 50 inches of snow on northern Italy in 24 hours and caused flooding and deaths in the south.

The weather bureau predicted more storms today, with snow in the mountains and rain in the southern and central lowlands.

One man died and a child was missing in southern Italy. Pasquale Perrone, 46, a farmer, died yesterday near Brindisi on the southeast coast when rain weakened the wall of a hut. It collapsed on him.

In the flooded Volturno River valley, Angelo Liberato, 8, disappeared after going fishing. Searchers found an abandoned fishing pole near where the child had said he was going. Meanwhile, a 72-hour strike by customs officials at the Brenner Pass, which began at midnight last night, and heavy snows stalled traffic through the pass today.

Warsaw Pact Meeting Today

WARSAW, Nov. 29 (Reuters).—Foreign ministers of the seven Warsaw Pact nations will meet here tomorrow to discuss preparations for an all-European conference on security and cooperation sought by the Soviet Union and its allies.

The two-day meeting will take place only a week before a scheduled regular session in Brussels of NATO foreign ministers and at a time of increased Soviet-bloc pressure for a general European conference.

Brief announcements by official East European news agencies said the ministers would meet "to discuss problems relating to preparations for the convocation of an all-European conference on security and cooperation." No details were given.

Doctors in Portugal Halt Partial Strike

LISBON, Nov. 29 (Reuters).—Hospital doctors in Lisbon and Oporto today called off their partial strike and second-year interns took the examination that they had twice boycotted in the last two weeks.

The doctors gave way in their protest movement against the government's medical administration of hospitals following Saturday's decree that gave the government power to draft the doctors into the military.

Vital to Entry of 4 Countries

is needed to insure parliamentary ratification of Common Market entry in the four countries. Norway's entry stands or falls on whether the Oslo government can show that it has effectively protected fishermen's interests.

The problem centers on the Common Market's own rule that lays down the principle of common access to national territorial waters for the fleets of other member nations. The four applicant countries want to maintain existing jurisdiction that essentially reserves the 12-mile belt around their coasts to their own fishermen.

There is, of course, room for compromise. But Oslo is concerned about strong public and parliamentary opposition to entry into the Common Market.

The foreign ministers were expected to reach a final agreement tonight.

W. Indies' Sir Grantley Adams Ex-Premier of Federation

BRIDGETOWN, Barbados, Nov. 29 (WP).—Sir Grantley Adams, 78, former prime minister of the defunct West Indies Federation and the first prime minister of Barbados, died yesterday.

Founder of the Barbados Labour party the Oxford-educated Sir Grantley served as Barbados' premier from 1954 to 1958.

From 1958 to 1962, he was prime minister of the federation, which was composed of 10 British colonies, with a population of 3,115,000. It was dissolved in 1962 after Jamaica was allowed to secede and promised independence by Britain.

At the time, Sir Grantley labeled the British decision "to break up the federation as 'monstrous and immoral.'"

In 1961, he had also expressed strong opposition to British proposals to stop the annual immigration of 50,000 West Indians to Britain.

Responsibilities of Nationhood
He said the federation needed time to deal with the responsibilities of nationhood "without having to suffer the indignity of having a door that has traditionally and generously been kept open now slammed in our faces."

Of African descent, like about 90 percent of the 300,000 residents of 16-square-mile Barbados, Sir Grantley won a scholarship in classics and studied at Oxford, where he earned a law degree.

A power in the political life of his densely populated island since 1934 when he won a seat in the assembly, he subsequently became leader of the House as the island moved toward self-government.

With his wife, a school official, he was credited with spearheading efforts that reduced illiteracy among Barbados residents to about 3 percent, despite the island's poverty.

He was a labor union leader, a member of the council of the West Indies, and a strong proponent of birth control measures.

Swiss Parliament Welcomes Women

BERN, Nov. 29 (Reuters).—The first women deputies in the history of Switzerland took their seats in parliament here today. They were greeted with flowers and compliments by their male colleagues.

Ten women were elected to the National Council (lower house) and one woman to the Council of States (upper house) in general elections last month.

The number of women deputies is expected to rise to 12 in the next few days with the recent election of a former Protestant clergywoman, 29-year-old Anna Sahlfeldinger from the canton of St. Gallen.

Cuba-Spain Trade Talks

MADRID, Nov. 29 (UPI).—A Cuban trade mission arrived today to continue trade talks which were broken off in August when Spain and Cuba failed to agree on payment of an estimated \$200 million Cuban debt.

United Press International

Obituaries

W. Indies' Sir Grantley Adams

came ambassador to the United States.

In 1958, Mr. Tello returned to the Foreign Ministry in the cabinet of President Lopez Mateo. At the end of that six-year term he became a senator.

Tom Murray

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29 (WP).—Former Rep. Tom Murray, a Tennessee Democrat who served 24 years in the House and was the chairman of the Post Office and Civil Service Committee, died yesterday in Jackson, Tenn., after a long illness.

A lawyer and former post office employee, he served in the House from 1943 to 1967. Rep. R. Blanton defeated Mr. Murray in the 1968 Democratic primary for the seat from west Tennessee, 7th district, which Rep. Blanton now holds.

Iwa K. K. Sumantri

DIJAKARTA, Nov. 29 (Reuters).—Iwa Kusi Kusuma Sumantri, 72, Indonesia's defense minister under the late President Sukarno, died here Saturday.

Mr. Iwa was a close friend of the present foreign minister Adam Malik, with whom he served on the leftist Murba (proletarian) party.

New Moslem Elite Reported Restive In 5 Soviet States

PARIS, Nov. 29 (Reuters).—Moslem nationalism is spreading in five Soviet republics in Central Asia and could threaten the ties between the Slav and Moslem communities, according to a study in France's national defense monthly review.

Lt. Col. Jean Frautois, writer in the current issue of the Revue de Defense Nationale, said Moslem intelligentsia is claiming political leadership in the Uzbek, Turkmen, Tadzhik, Kazakh and Kirghiz republics of Central Asia.

The Soviet regime has eliminated the traditional bourgeois elite but has developed new Moslem elites who are likely to provoke political and social unrest in coming years, he said.

Citing Soviet documents, a colonel said the Moslems are in open competition with the Slav comrades, who hold all the posts and are better paid.

"Young Moslem leaders are pressing for a greater share of the political and economic life of the Central Asian republics," he added. "There appears to be a desire to escape from this trend, which can have important repercussions both in the Soviet Union and the neighboring Moslem countries."

W. Virginian Guilty Of Hijacking Airlines

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Nov. 29 (UPI).—Glen Elmo Riggs, 58, unemployed West Virginia miner, was convicted today in U.S. District Court of the June hijacking on a United Air Lines plane.

The airliner, on a flight to Charleston, W.Va., to New York, landed at Dulles International Airport near Washington for refueling. Riggs was overpowered and taken into custody by FBI agents there.

Riggs faces a minimum of 10 years in prison and a maximum of life. The trial will be held Jan. 2.

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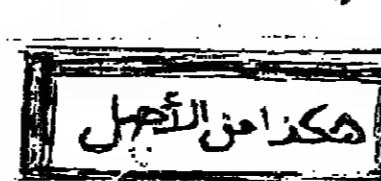
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Lieves Rulers Odds

Lin Struggle

Karnow Nov. 29 (UPI)—here now by Lin Piao, the minister who...

Entry of 4 Countries Fishing

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DOG DAYS—Balder, 3-year-old prize hound from Copenhagen, is not very happy these days, and for good reason. One morning as he was going down stairs he tripped over his own ears and rolled all the way to the bottom, breaking his left foreleg. As nature made him knock-kneed, too, plaster cast cannot be used. So, much to his discomfort, he must now wear a special elastic dressing. The above picture clearly shows how he feels about the situation.

Ruling Party's Bordaberry Leading in Uruguay Election

MONTEVIDEO, Nov. 29 (Reuters)—Juan Maria Bordaberry appeared to be heading for the Uruguayan presidency today as his anti-Communist Colorado party maintained a small but apparently firm lead over its traditional rival, the Blanco party.



Michele Ray after release by Viet Cong.

French Woman Kidnapped, Then Freed in Uruguay

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Nov. 29 (Reuters)—French woman journalist Michele Ray was kidnapped by leftist guerrillas here today but released after a few hours, police sources said.

There was no immediate official confirmation of her release and no word on the motive for the kidnapping.

Miss Ray, 33, was captured by the Viet Cong in South Vietnam in 1967 and held for three weeks.

She is married to film director Constantin Costa-Gavras, maker of the film "Z."

Three men and a woman took Miss Ray from the home of her host, a Uruguayan woman lawyer, in a Montevideo suburb, police said.

The kidnapers identified themselves as members of "Popular Revolutionary Group 33," according to the lawyer, Mrs. Maria Ester Gillo.

She said they told her they "wanted to talk" to Miss Ray.

Briton Lays Air Hijackings To Cuban-Based Conspiracy

LONDON, Nov. 29 (AP)—A British aviation expert today blamed the upsurge in airline hijackings on a Cuban-based Communist conspiracy.

John Masfield, chairman of the government board which controls major British airports, told an international conference on airport security that Havana in 1966 organized a school for hijackers.

Between 1960 and 1966, he said, hijackings throughout the world totaled only 55.

In the next three years, he said, the total was 220, four times that of the previous 36 years.

"The results of that outrageous Havana congress," he said, "were extraordinary and malevolent."

The conference, Mr. Masfield said, involved Communists from three continents. Its decision: "to export terrorism and subversion."

Regular Targets Mr. Masfield said London's three airports, like others throughout the world, were regular targets for bomb threats—and every one was taken seriously.

"Most are false alarms but a significant proportion are real and earnest," he said.

Close security checks, he said, had lifted the lid on airline passengers' protection methods.

In the last few weeks, London airport security men had seized 32 tear-gas canisters, mostly from women who carried them for their own protection.

Others carried imitation pistols, switchblade knives, brass knuckles and an assortment of chains and blackjacks.

He added: "We have, incidentally, one of the world's finest collections of pornographic books, mostly collected from trash bins where they have been surreptitiously deposited ahead of customs."

More than 150 delegates are attending the two-day conference. Subjects range from hijacking through anti theft measures to the personal safety of passengers in airport buildings.

After Mr. Masfield's address, the conference went into closed session.

\$200,000 Hijacker May Have Sent 'Thank You' Note RENO, Nev., Nov. 29 (AP)—A letter signed by "D.S. Cooper"—the name reportedly used by a hijacker who got \$200,000 and then parachuted from a jet airliner between Seattle and Reno last week—was received by the Reno Evening Gazette today.

The note, with printed words pasted to paper, was turned over to the FBI office here.

An agent said an attempt would be made to trace the letter. The envelope was postmarked at Oakdale, a small town southeast of Stockton, in central California.

In various kinds of type, apparently from newspapers, it said: "Attention thanks for hospitality was in a rut D. B. Cooper."

The search continued in the Pacific Northwest for a man who hijacked the Northwest Airlines 727 last Wednesday and then bailed out with \$200,000 in ransom money.

Flu Epidemic Claims 180 Lives in Hungary BUDAPEST, Nov. 29 (UPI)—An influenza epidemic has killed 180 Budapest residents, medical authorities said yesterday.

They said the flu, which has affected two million persons, mostly in the west of the country, and Austrian authorities warned that the epidemic would cross into Austria from Hungary.

Paris Drops Police Official In Drug Case

Move Seen to Ease Relations With U.S.

PARIS, Nov. 29 (UPI)—Max Fernet, France's ranking police officer and the policeman in charge of the investigation of the Delouette drug-espionage case, will retire in two weeks, it was announced today.

Mr. Fernet, head of the Police Judiciare, thus becomes the second apparent casualty of the case. John Cusack, the U.S. Narcotics Bureau's European director, will be replaced in December by Paul E. Knight.

Mr. Fernet, 60, said on the radio today that "my departure has absolutely nothing to do with the Delouette case."

Officially, Mr. Fernet was to have retired a year ago, but his tenure was extended under the sort of civil service technicality that is found when extensions are desired.

A second extension, which falls due Dec. 12, will not be granted.

Mr. Cusack, who had been due for replacement, could also have been extended, but Washington decided to transfer him in the hopes that a new man might help to improve cooperation between France and the United States in their fight against the narcotics traffic.

The retirement of Mr. Fernet clearly was sought for the same motives.

France was stung by Mr. Cusack's charges last month of official complicity in the traffic, but since Roger Delouette, part-time French counter-espionage agent, named Col. Paul Fournier, a French counter-espionage official, as the brains behind a \$12-million dope-smuggling case, relations between judiciary officials of the two countries have worsened even more.

Mayor of Rome's Port Is Arrested For Failing to Halt Pollution of Sea

CIVITAVECCHIA, Italy, Nov. 29 (AP)—The mayor of Rome's port city was arrested today for failing to fight sea pollution. Mayor Pietro Guglielmini, 44, was jailed on charges of damaging public well-being breaking fishing laws and failing to fulfill his duty.

Three police officers went to the mayor's office in the Town Hall, read him the warrant of arrest and escorted him to the local prison in an ancient castle looking over the sea.

Civitavecchia, 46 miles north of Rome on the Tyrrhenian Sea, is the closest port to the Italian capital.

Mr. Guglielmini, a father of two, has been mayor for 15 months. Member of the Christian Democrat party, he has been running Civitavecchia in a coalition with the Socialists and with some voting help by the Communists.

The sea off Civitavecchia has been rated by experts as highly polluted. Fish have virtually deserted the area around the city. Pollution is due to industrial discharges and, above all, to sewage. Civitavecchia has no sewage-purifying system.

Public prosecutor Ettore Marsano, who issued the arrest warrant, had notified the mayor about an investigation into pollution last August. "But no one here would have thought this could lead to such a drastic step," said Deputy Mayor Mario Venanzi.

Conviction on the charges can bring up to three years in jail.

Mr. Venanzi said the mayor had readied a project to set up a purification system and had made contacts to get a bank loan to pay for it.

Swedish Embassy Opened in Peking

PEKING, Nov. 29 (Reuters). Sweden opened the newest embassy in Peking today, complete with its own swimming pool and staff houses, built inside the high-walled compound shared by most diplomatic missions here.

A Swedish architect combined Scandinavian and Chinese styles in the embassy, which was built by 200 Chinese workmen at a cost of almost seven million kronor (about \$16 million).

Premier Werner Hurt

HOMBURG, Germany, Nov. 29 (UPI)—Premier Pierre Werner of Luxembourg was slightly injured today in an automobile accident near here, police said.

The accident involved several vehicles on the autobahn between Homburg and Saarbrücken, a city on the border with France.

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Kosygin Echoes Khrushchev

Premier Kosygin's recent speech outlining the new Soviet five-year plan recalls one of the late Nikita Khrushchev's favorite themes. Mr. Khrushchev used to boast of the rapidity with which the Communist world in general and the Soviet Union in particular would surpass economically the capitalist world in general and the United States in particular.

Back in 1959, Mr. Khrushchev gained wide attention with his prediction that by 1965 the Communist world would produce more than half the globe's industrial output, while by 1970 the Soviets would both outproduce the United States and enjoy a higher standard of living. As early as 1964 it was plain that these forecasts were far off base, and they were undoubtedly among the "subjectivist errors" for which Khrushchev was rewarded with political oblivion in October of that year.

Now Premier Kosygin has returned to this theme, though in characteristically more cautious fashion than his onetime superior. By 1975, the premier predicts, Soviet industrial and agricultural output will exceed

today's level of American production. Apart from the fact that this is a year of recession in which American industry and agriculture are both producing far below capacity, Premier Kosygin has one advantage as a prophet that Khrushchev never had. That advantage was suggested by Secretary of Commerce Maurice H. Stans's presence in the Kremlin audience that heard the premier.

Mr. Stans's visit to Moscow symbolized the change in Washington's attitude toward Soviet-American trade. While Khrushchev was repeatedly rebuffed in his efforts to gain access to the latest American technology through the purchase of equipment and techniques, the Nixon administration seems prepared to let the Kosygin government raise Soviet-American trade to record levels.

We applaud the administration's new and positive approach; but there remains the question how Moscow will pay for a sharp increase in American imports. A partial answer might be large-scale American purchases of Soviet natural gas, oil and other raw materials this country needs.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Sex and the Single Administration

The Supreme Court spoke with one voice last week in finding constitutionally invalid an Idaho law that gave preference to men over women for appointment as administrator of a descendant's estate. The one voice was the chief justice's and what it said was expressed with admirable precision, clarity and restraint. The nub of the decision is that while "the 14th Amendment does not deny to states the power to treat different classes of persons in different ways," it does "deny to states the power to legislate that different treatment be accorded to persons placed by a statute into different classes on the basis of criteria wholly unrelated to the objective of that statute. A classification must be reasonable, not arbitrary, and must rest upon some ground of difference having a fair and substantial relation to the object of the legislation, so that all persons similarly circumstanced shall be treated alike."

A statute favoring men over women in the administration of estates rests pretty plainly on nothing more substantial than an antique prejudice that women are intellectually inferior to men. That prejudice is a relic of the period when men were able to look upon women as one of their more valuable indoor possessions. But it became untenable about the time that women demanded, and demonstrated, an abundant capacity for economic independence.

Chief Justice Burger's opinion dealt, quite properly, only with the case before the court and dealt with it on the narrowest possible grounds. It does not in any way diminish the need for the constitutional amendment passed by the House of Representatives as-

suring full equality to women in all aspects of American life. That equality can best be established through the amendment procedure, rather than through a series of Supreme Court decisions striking down outmoded and irrational inequalities.

Sen. Sam Ervin, a gentleman of a very old school, managed to win approval by the Senate constitutional amendments subcommittee for a formulation of his own effectively scuttling the amendment approved by the House. Sen. Ervin's proposal would forbid "any legal distinction between the rights and responsibilities of male and female persons unless such distinction is based on 'physiological or functional differences' between the sexes. This is so naked a piece of nullification that it ought not to be passed by any body old enough to be a senator. It amounts to saying that women should be treated as the equals of men except when it suits the whim or pleasure of some legislature to treat them as subordinates. One ought not to play games with the Constitution, or with the women of America, in that fashion.

Women are undoubtedly different from men; but that difference does not afford any rational basis for denying women the equal protection of the laws. Men may look upon women as they choose, individually—as sex objects, as interior decorations, as wives, mothers, co-workers, fellow-citizens. But in the United States, if the country is to remain true to itself, women must be accorded the same opportunity as men to pursue their own interests and to realize their own potentialities.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

Pessimism at NATO

The pessimism that has taken root in the Atlantic world has found expression in an article by Denis Healey in the London Sunday Times. A passage of Mr. Healey's article has particularly impressed the Atlantic circles in Brussels: "If the economic crisis leads to a crisis of the alliance, West Germany will be forced to side with the United States against France, and the other European allies will do about the same. There couldn't thus be a more dangerous illusion than to imagine that the prospect of American disengagement under these circumstances will be a ferment for greater unity in Europe."

Brussels NATO circles are positive that such is also the opinion of Secretary-General Luns, who wishes for a solution before the opening of the U.S. presidential campaign because, in his opinion, Mr. Nixon will from that moment on lose all freedom to maneuver. In this connection, it is pointed out that the U.S. commitment not to reduce American forces in Europe is valid only until July, 1972.

In the heat of the election campaign and under pressure from Mr. Mansfield, Mr. Nixon might well be tempted to insist for a fairer apportionment of the defense burden. The meeting of the Group of Ten is to take place in Rome a few days before the Atlantic Council meeting. It is believed that the latter meeting is likely to be deeply influenced by the former.

—From *Le Monde* (Paris).

India, Pakistan and Big Powers

A full-scale armed conflict on the Indian subcontinent now can only be prevented by improvised, concerted pressure from the

three great powers, the United States, the Soviet Union and China. On this global level it would appear that the various positions are not yet so firmly defined as to make mediation impossible.

Moscow's pact with Delhi was no obstacle to an advance by Indian tanks, but in view of the Soviet Union's feud with neighboring China—which is lending its support to Pakistan—one can hardly imagine that the Kremlin has issued a blank check for an Indian blitzkrieg. As to Washington, its role in this triangular diplomacy would be at least as great if only due to its high level of "communications capability." None of the three big powers can have an interest in being forced by an Indo-Pakistan war to make short-term decisions which would endanger the present precarious balance.

—From the *Neue Zürcher Zeitung* (Zurich).

Assassination in Cairo

The murder in Cairo Sunday of Waafel Tell, the Jordanian prime minister, will fan the embers of the Palestine guerrilla movement, damage relations between Egypt and Jordan, and set Arab nationalists in several more countries cheering at what they would regard as the end of a noted reactionary.

For most observers the murder will seem another ugly sign of the kind of romantic nationalism that has so often divided rather than united Arabs. The result is not likely to bring any credit, much less unity, to the scattered Palestinian guerrillas. Jordan as a territorial unit in the Arab world will be weaker, and King Hussein will feel free to press on with a policy of reconciliation because of what has happened.

—From the *Times* (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

November 29, 1896

PARIS—As had been foreseen by the authorities, there were very stormy times yesterday of Carmaux on the occasion of the visit of M. Jean Jaurès, the well-known Socialist deputy, and his followers. A meeting of 3,000 people was held in the hall of the Chamber Syndicale, but the Socialists were unable to obtain a hearing. Finally the two factions came to blows and more than 50 arrests were made before some kind of peace was restored.

Fifty Years Ago

November 30, 1921

MOSCOW—Russia's peasants are on the way to share in directing their own affairs, and with this eventually in view, what is one to think of the new Russia's part in world affairs? Will the nation owning such rich lands, forests and mines be strong and rich? It is, of course, not possible to predict, for absolutely no one can safely say where the curve of the world's prosperity may stand in twenty or fifty or one hundred years hence.



Heart of Darkness

By Anthony Lewis

SALISBURY, Rhodesia.—It is a curious experience rereading E. M. Forster's "A Room With a View" in Africa. How remote it all seems in time and place and manner—the Edwardian, English ladies seeing Florence, the surly, the English suburbs, the little social ripples. But it connects. Forster's concern, as always really, was the undeveloped heart. His heroine, Lucy Honeychurch, is surrounded by characters who fear emotion and make her suppress it; her minister, her charming cousin, her stick-line fiancé. Even her playing of Beethoven worries them with its passion. But in the end, the happy end, she breaks out and admits to herself that she loves a socially unsuitable young man. She is saved.

It has always been something of a mystery that Forster understood so well the cost to the human character of fearing passion. He had quite a cloistered life himself and only in middle age came to physical love, as it happens homosexual. But he knew that people are not whole when they deny their emotions, and that is what connects here and now.

Puritan Strain

The Puritan strain in European civilization somehow stands out, revealed, when surrounded by an alien culture. To see African men walk along the street holding hands because they are brothers or cousins is to recognize for a moment how much feeling we suppress.

In southern Africa, white societies seem impelled to tighter and tighter restraints on themselves, perhaps as part of a siege psychology. The censorship boards in South Africa and Rhodesia

exclude works not only on political but on moral grounds. You cannot bring a photograph record of "Hair" into Rhodesia.

E. M. Forster indeed applied his theme of the undeveloped heart to a colonial situation. That was "A Passage to India," one of the few novels that can be said to have had a profound political effect. It made the English feel guilty about colonialism and thus helped to bring on independence for India and other dependencies.

One contemporary writer has specifically considered the role of the divided human self, the clash between reason and emotion, in race relations. That is Laurens van der Post, the South African writer.

Van der Post argues that white men's fear and oppression of darker people reflects the repression of something inside themselves—the instinctive, the emotional, the dark Freudian unconscious. "We hate the native in ourselves," he writes. "We scorn and despise the night in which we have our being."

In "Venture to the Interior" in 1952, Van der Post told what was on the surface a story of exploration and tragedy in remote mountainous areas of what is now Malawi. But he used "interior" in two senses: He was exploring himself as well as the mountains. Along the way he mused on the limits of reason. In the last century and a half, he said, we have "talked more about reason" than ever before. But what is the result? "Cumulatively and collectively, in the grand total of all our individual lives, we have produced more unreason, bigger and fiercer wars, than any other age in history...."

"Has there ever been another age that has done worse things than this one, with its class hatreds, race hatreds, color prejudices, world wars and concentration camps? Has there been another age that, knowing so clearly the right things to do, has so consistently done the wrong ones?"

Unhappy Observation

His unhappy observation is certainly no less true now than when he wrote, 20 years ago. Since then, to give just a few examples, the world has seen the cost of hate and fear along lines of race and religion in Cyprus, Nigeria, Ireland and the Indian subcontinent.

As those examples indicate, violent expression of racial feelings is hardly a monopoly of white men. Nor is Van der Post so foolish as to suggest that. He had personal cause not to be during World War II, and he has said that he saw on the faces of the brutal prison guards an expression that he finally recognized as similar to some he had seen on his fellow South Africans: In tormenting or killing others they were trying to kill something in themselves.

Race is too complicated a subject for any student to try to understand it through a single theory. But the Forsterian insight does give us some of the truth about life in southern Africa: So long as men suppress part of themselves, they will be less than human. Or turned about: So long as they diminish the humanity of others, they will be diminished themselves; they will be less than whole.

Another Brave Bull Killed in Spain

By Miguel Acoca

MADRID.—The peremptory way in which the regime of Generalissimo Francisco Franco used its legal sword to kill the moderate daily Madrid showed how government deals with any brave bull who dares to challenge its authoritarian command of Spain's narrow press arena.

The death of Madrid, however, was no stunning surprise to editors, reporters and sophisticated readers. They are quite aware of how the Ministry of Information and Tourism, which controls the press, harasses publishers and editors with phone calls and implied threats. Spanish newsmen who get out of hand can face military courts-martial, and professional tribunals which can strip them of working credentials.

In the past three years Spain has seen the death of two financially successful newspapers, *Nuevo Diario* and *Alcazar*, which, like Madrid, had a romantic fling with liberalism and had dared to print mild criticism of the Franco regime.

Both *Nuevo Diario* and *Alcazar* were taken away from their moderate editors and reporters on "technical grounds," and reappeared under new management as firm supporters of the regime—but at great cost in circulation and profits.

Nuevo Diario, in its time the most outspoken critic of the re-

gime, became the government's mouthpiece in 1970. It formed sources maintain it is controlled by Planning Minister Laureano López Rodó, the government's leading technocrat and the most powerful minister after government Vice-President Luis Carrero Blanco.

But *Nuevo Diario*'s readers and advertisers did not take to the change, and its circulation took a dramatic drop from more than 50,000 to less than 10,000 between 1969 and 1971. The newspaper, sources said, is also losing heavily.

The same happened to *Alcazar*, an afternoon daily. Once it was taken away from its young editors and reporters who had made it exciting with sharp labor news, circulation dropped from 104,000 to less than 20,000. Recently the newspaper could not pay its printing bill, and was saved from bankruptcy, according to press sources, by a government loan.

Lay Liked

It is likely that Madrid will reopen its doors, and undergo the same metamorphosis as *Nuevo Diario* and *Alcazar*. Its reporters and editors, however, intend to fight any change in staff and management. The paper, with a circulation of 70,000, had been profitable.

They adhere to the 1966 press law, which theoretically abolished the rigid censorship Franco

established in 1938 during the civil war. The 1966 press law also theoretically established a measure of press freedom.

Spanish editors had welcomed the 1966 law because it gave them the chance to show that lively newspapers, which indulged in mild criticism of the regime, could survive without government subsidies. They made market studies which showed these independent newspapers like *Nuevo Diario*, *Alcazar* and Madrid could grow in circulation at the rate of 10 percent a year.

But the government cut them down just as they were beginning to prove that a relatively free press was accepted by both the advertisers and the readers. Informed sources have reported that neither Carrero Blanco nor López Rodó like the idea of a free-money-making press which feels free to be mildly critical of government policies.

They seem to prefer the grab and doctrinaire reporting of the majority of Spain's newspapers, since 44 of which are run by the National Movement, Spain's only legal political party, which seized power from Republican sympathizers just after the 1939-39 civil war.

All these newspapers—including *Arriba* in Madrid—are reported to be losing money heavily, and survive only because of large government subsidies.

Bernard Levin From London:

If Mr. Heath wants to be returned at the next general election, he has got to get that unemployment figure down and keep it down.

LONDON.—The unemployment figures in Britain are recorded and released monthly; the latest tally has just been published. It shows that unemployment, at just under one million, is now running at the highest rate since well before World War II broke out. It is true that in the famous Beveridge report, which came out just before the end of the war and laid the foundations of the modern welfare state in Britain, a figure of 4 percent of the labor force out of work at any one time (provided nobody was out of work for long periods) was considered acceptable, as providing the degree of flexibility in the economy without which it could not function at top efficiency, and it is true that even the shocking figure of a million jobs still does not represent as much as 4 percent of the total employable population; but the fact is, Beveridge's figure has long since been abandoned, whatever the cost in impaired economic efficiency. Ever since the Attlee government in the immediate postwar world set as its chief aim the maintenance of full employment, every government has followed suit. Some have succeeded more than others; but no politician in senior office or hoping for it has dared to say that there are more important things than full employment.

Little Time

But time is what the government does not have. For one great truth about the public attitude to peacetime full employment ever since it was attained to all intents and poses a quarter of a century is that a government which produces it (there is, of course, no alternative assumption of governments can do it if only want to enough) is an experiment that must go. Even we get into the Common Market, even if the Northern Ireland problem is solved; even if weather stays fine all year round, if Mr. Heath wants to be returned at the next general election, he has got to get that unemployment figure down and keep it down. (Actually, this is one thing that could possibly save him even without success; if the Labor party continues on its hell-bent path to total fragmentation and fratricidal warfare, Mr. Heath will probably win anyway. But would be a big gamble.)

New Policies

This, however, is the first government which has deliberately struck out for new policies, which inevitably entail the creation of unemployment at a figure far higher than any previously considered acceptable. (For not only is the present level the highest for over 30 years; the time a high level has persisted is far longer than any in the same period—hitherto, periods of high unemployment level have been short.) Mr. Heath began by dismantling a whole series of devices designed to help achieve the generally agreed-upon system of special help for those regions with particularly big unemployment figures have been reduced, the Industrial Reorganization Commission, which was intended to help ensure that industry was more readily enabled to offer employment, has been wound up, and the Health policy of refusing to bail out and shore up collapsing firms and groups, even at the cost of rising unemployment, has proceeded.

Of course, it might work. Such a policy (a very much watered-

Letters

U.S. Vietnam Policy

Once again the New York Times has adhered to its irrational anti-adaptation policy, but with utter disregard for the realities of the present situation in Vietnam (NET, 18 Nov.).

While recognizing the need for counterproposals, the NYT's editors fail to realize that it takes two to compromise; for the United States to pack it in and capitulate to every North Vietnamese "demand" would be fatal not only for the U.S. position in the eyes of its allies but also for the hundreds of thousands of loyal and trustworthy South Vietnamese who would be slaughtered or imprisoned by the North Vietnamese and Viet Cong as they won at the "negotiating" table what they had failed to win in 12 long years of warfare.

The North Vietnamese rationale at Paris is quite clear: In negotiations, the side less implacable in its demands will be forced to give way. Thus, the North Vietnamese posture is, and has always been, totally divorced from any shred of reasonableness or justification; even though its position in South Vietnam has become untenable, the North Vietnamese negotiators have become increasingly dogmatic and assertive. In short, they are bluffing, as any good American poker player immediately recognizes.

The fact of the matter is clear. Ever since 1954, the North Vietnamese leaders have proclaimed their aim of invading and conquering the neighboring Republic

of Vietnam. Six have been completed. On the other United States has clear its intention, a North Vietnamese, the South, and, if United States has its most successful.

CHARLES H. EPPER, Oxford, England.

Ashamed of Meany

I have just finished reading your headline story in the 18 of Nov. 20-21, regarding Mr. Nixon's speech before the AFL-CIO Convention in Florida. As an American, I am angry and ashamed at Mr. Meany's conduct and that of his union. I do not question Mr. Meany's right to disagree with Mr. Nixon's economic plan; however, the office of the President of the United States demands certain courtesies—and respect, and it is a shame, if not a disgrace, that a man of Mr. Meany's position would stoop to such a tactic. As to the one union official who was quoted as saying, "What good enough for George Meany—when Mr. Meany has the responsibilities, obligations and pressures of the office of the President, then I will be inclined to agree."

Is there any wonder that foreign nations are losing respect for our country when conduct of this nature is called for by prominent citizens?

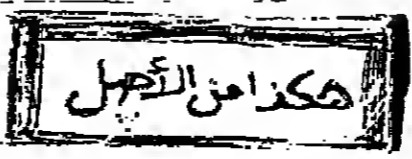
WILLIAM M. HUGHES, Barcelona.

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ward Levin in London: If Mr. Heath returned at election, he would be down and out.

Having learned to walk, He learned to run, Having learned to run, He learned to dance.

By Jan Sjöby

(IET)—The leg would seem to be a handicap for any dancer. It would be a catastrophe. ... Mr. Skjoldemose is putting his professional skills to other uses.



Sören Skjoldemose and Anette Skodner. His right leg is artificial.

It has proved a great encouragement to patients waiting for or trying to walk on artificial legs, one physician said. ... Mr. Skjoldemose is putting his professional skills to other uses.

John Monteverdi's 'Coronation of Poppaea'

By Blyth

(IET)—The Coronation of Poppaea is a great opera. ... The work was given in English translation, the only sensible procedure in this house.

Leopard's musical edition is not to everyone's liking. He has cut and re-arranged the original considerably. ... The rejected empress Octavia was interpreted with dignity and vocal sumptuousness by Katherine Pring.

James Dickey Wins French Prize

Nov. 29 (AP)—The American poet, James Dickey, 52, won a top French literary award for his first novel, 'Deliverance'.

The work was given in English translation, the only sensible procedure in this house. ... The rejected empress Octavia was interpreted with dignity and vocal sumptuousness by Katherine Pring.

Fashions, Films and Fiascos in Acapulco

be Dorsey Mexico, Nov. 29 (AP)—The Acapulco fashion week, turned into disaster. ... The situation was saved in the nick of time by Miguel Aleman.

The situation was saved in the nick of time by Miguel Aleman, ex-president of Mexico and head of the Consejo del Turismo. ... The rejected empress Octavia was interpreted with dignity and vocal sumptuousness by Katherine Pring.

to Halt Illegal Art Exports

Nov. 29 (Reuters). A national committee in Florence with a mandate to halt the illegal export of Italian art. ... The aim of the new group is to implement existing UNESCO and European conventions.

Amid low-flying jokes, sparked by a local emcee who acted so strangely that he had to be replaced in mid-show, the jury elected Sheila, a dark and distinguished girl from India, as model of the year. ... The production that followed

FOOD Allspice—In Its Many Guises

Waverley Root, the author of 'The Food of Italy' and 'The Food of France,' is writing an encyclopedia of food, 'Food: An Informal Dictionary,' which will be published by Simon and Shuster.

By Waverley Root

PARIS (IET)—About the middle of a row of white canisters arranged on a shelf in the pantry of the house where I was brought up was one marked ALLSPICE. ... French also use the term toute épice for a seasoning derived from the seeds of a handsome plant which bears flowers sometimes white, sometimes yellow and sometimes blue, called nigella.

French also use the term toute épice for a seasoning derived from the seeds of a handsome plant which bears flowers sometimes white, sometimes yellow and sometimes blue, called nigella. ... The hapless French or European housewife who would like to know what she is buying is bedevilled by the circumstance that not only does toute épice designate two different things, but that one of its two kinds, that made from nigella, is also called true épice, which means three different things.

Bedevelled

The hapless French or European housewife who would like to know what she is buying is bedevilled by the circumstance that not only does toute épice designate two different things, but that one of its two kinds, that made from nigella, is also called true épice, which means three different things. ... Certain other plants called allspice are related to none of the above and do not enter into cookery.

Suedes, Finns

Possibly because they are attracted by the exotic, Swedes and Finns make considerable use of this hot tropical spice, apparently out of tune with their cold countries. ... The nature of allspice, clear enough when viewed from the western shore of the Atlantic, becomes more complicated when you cross to the eastern side.

PARIS ART GALLERIES. RIGHT BANK: GALERIE ARTEL, ESPACE PIERRE CARDIN, GALERIE ERNE HENRI, WALLY F FINDLAY, GALERIE URBAN, GALERIE FELIX VERCEL, BOUYSSOU. LEFT BANK: GALERIE ERNE HENRI, GALERIE TAMENAGA, GALERIE URBAN, GALERIE FELIX VERCEL, BOUYSSOU.

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RIGHT BANK: GALERIE ARTEL, ESPACE PIERRE CARDIN, GALERIE ERNE HENRI, WALLY F FINDLAY, GALERIE URBAN, GALERIE FELIX VERCEL, BOUYSSOU.

LEFT BANK: GALERIE ERNE HENRI, GALERIE TAMENAGA, GALERIE URBAN, GALERIE FELIX VERCEL, BOUYSSOU.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for High, Low, Last, and Change for various stocks.

Table of international stock market data, including columns for High, Low, Last, and Change for various foreign securities.

All of these Debentures have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

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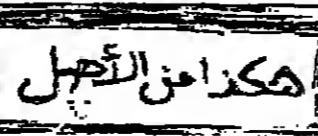
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New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of stock market trading data for various companies, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume.

Table of stock market trading data for various companies, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume.

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA 1971 ANNUAL STATEMENT

CONDENSED STATEMENT AS AT OCTOBER 31

Condensed financial statement table showing assets, liabilities, and undivided profits for 1971 and 1970.

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS for financial year ended October 31

Statement of revenue, expenses, and undivided profits table for 1971 and 1970.

Notes in addition to the income tax provision of \$28,300,000 shown in the Statement of Revenue and Expenses, income taxes of \$18,000,000 are eligible on the transfer of \$35,000,000 from earnings to Accumulated Appropriations for Losses, resulting in a total provision for income taxes of \$46,300,000.

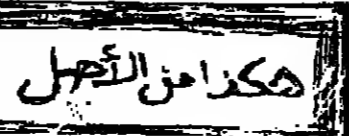
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Table of stock market trading data for various companies, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume.

Advertisement for Saga Administrative Corporation, featuring the text '765,000 Shares', 'Common Stock', and listing various financial institutions like Blyth & Co., Inc., The First Boston Corporation, Drexel Firestone, etc.



Toronto Stocks

Closing prices on Nov. 29, 1971

Table of Toronto stock prices including columns for High, Low, Last, and Change. Lists various stocks like Copper, Gold, and various industrial shares.

Montreal Stocks

Closing prices on Nov. 29, 1971

Table of Montreal stock prices including columns for High, Low, Last, and Change. Lists various stocks like Alouette, Bell, and various industrial shares.

Tokyo Exchange

Nov. 29, 1971

Table of Tokyo Exchange stock prices including columns for High, Low, Last, and Change. Lists various Japanese stocks like Asahi, Daiichi, and various industrial shares.

Mutual Funds

Closing prices on Nov. 29, 1971

Table of Mutual Fund prices including columns for Fund Name, Price, and Change. Lists various funds like Growth, Income, and various international funds.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

— 1971 — Stocks and High, Low, Div. in \$

Table of New York Stock Exchange trading data including columns for Stock Name, High, Low, Last, and Change. Lists various stocks like IBM, GE, and various industrial shares.

— 1971 — Stocks and High, Low, Div. in \$

Table of additional New York Stock Exchange trading data including columns for Stock Name, High, Low, Last, and Change. Lists various stocks like Ford, GM, and various industrial shares.

Market Summary

Nov. 29, 1971

Summary table of market activity including columns for Index Name, Value, and Change. Lists indices like Dow Jones, S&P 500, and various regional indices.

Most Active - New York

Table of most active stocks in New York including columns for Stock Name, Volume, and Price. Lists stocks like IBM, GE, and various industrial shares.

Most Active - American

Table of most active stocks in America including columns for Stock Name, Volume, and Price. Lists various American stocks like Ford, GM, and various industrial shares.

Not a New Issue

Table of securities that are not new issues, including columns for Security Name, Price, and Change. Lists various bonds and preferred stocks.

Down Jones Averages

Table of Dow Jones Averages including columns for Index Name, Value, and Change. Lists various market indices.

Standard & Poor's

Table of Standard & Poor's indices including columns for Index Name, Value, and Change. Lists various market indices.

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

Table of odd-lot trading in New York including columns for Stock Name, Volume, and Price. Lists various stocks traded in odd lots.

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

ADVERTISMENT

Nov. 29, 1971

Large table of International Funds including columns for Fund Name, Price, and Change. Lists various international investment funds.

New Highs and Lows

Table of new highs and lows for various stocks including columns for Stock Name, Price, and Change. Lists various stocks that reached new price points.

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American Stock Exchange Trading

Table of American stock exchange trading with columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume.

INTERNATIONAL BONDS TRADED IN EUROPE

Table of international bonds traded in Europe, listing various bond issues and their market prices.

U.S. Commodity Prices

Table of U.S. commodity prices for various goods like oil, grain, and metals.

Foreign Stock Indexes

Table showing foreign stock indexes for major world cities like London, Paris, and Tokyo.

Midday Indicated Prices

Table of midday indicated prices for various commodities and currencies.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29 - Cash prices in primary markets...

Table of cash prices in primary markets for various commodities.

Eurodollars

Table of Eurodollar rates for different maturities and currencies.

NEW YORK FUTURES

Table of New York futures prices for various commodities.

CHICAGO FUTURES

Table of Chicago futures prices for various commodities.

INTERNATIONAL COMMODITY SHARE FUND S.A.

Table of international commodity share fund prices and performance.

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THE FLOW OF MONEY and...

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European Gold Markets

Table of European gold market prices for London and Zurich.

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Opera-Are Express

Opera-Are Express. NEW PARIS, Nov. 29 (Reuters) - A new nonstop underground railway line...

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American Stock Exchange Trading

Table of American stock exchange trading with columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sections for 'Stocks and Bonds', 'Stocks and Bonds', and 'Stocks and Bonds'.

Table of international stock exchange trading with columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sections for 'Stocks and Bonds', 'Stocks and Bonds', and 'Stocks and Bonds'.

INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES

Advertisement for international executive opportunities, including sections for 'OPENINGS IN EUROPE', 'EUROPEAN FINANCIAL CONTROLLER', and 'GENERAL MANAGER TURKEY'.

Table of international market closing prices for various currencies and commodities, including London, Milan, Paris, and Zurich.

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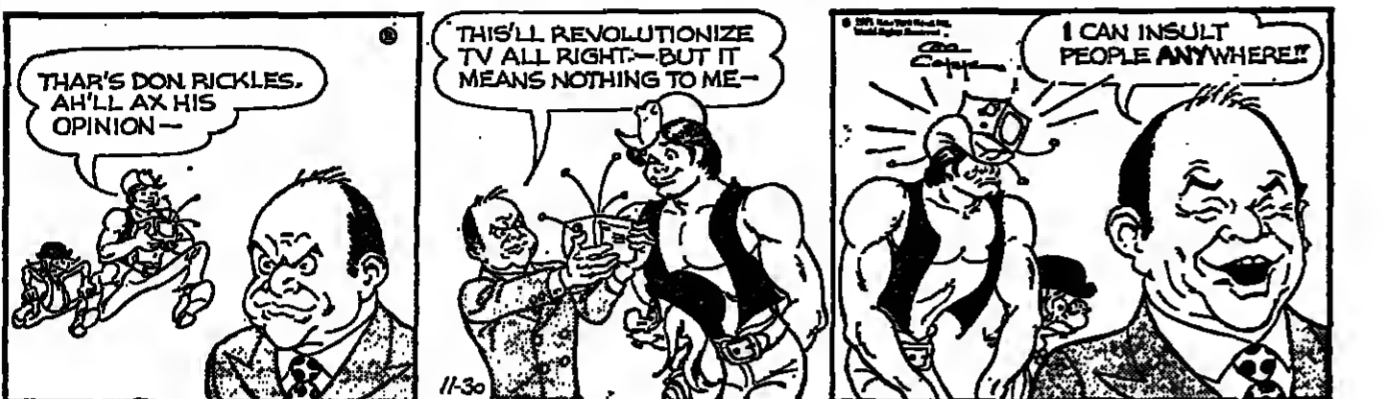
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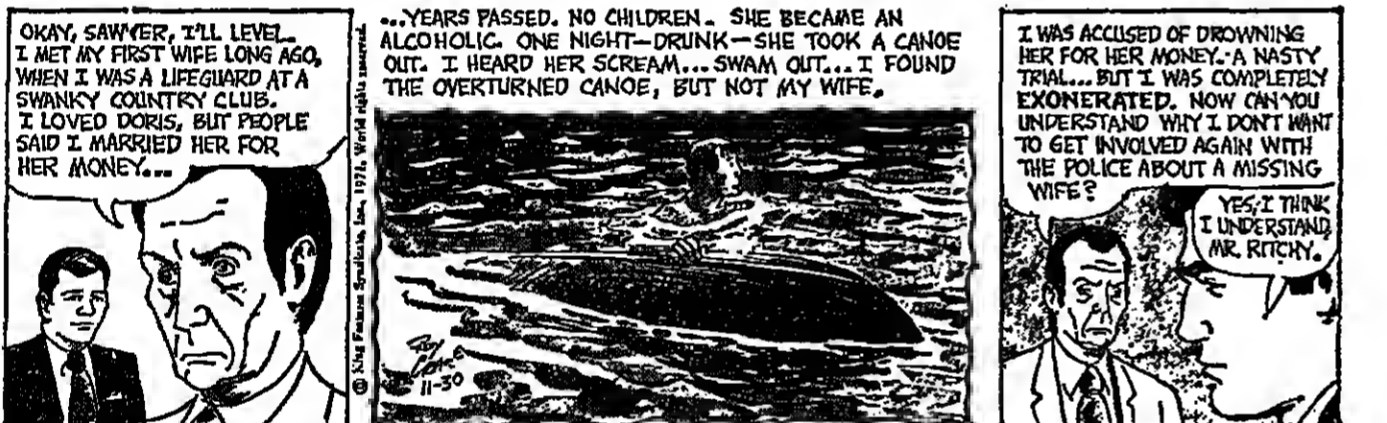
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BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

In the diagrammed deal, South kept his opponents quiet by using the weak no-trump, and took full advantage of some misdefense. West led the diamond ten, the declarer played low from dummy and East ducked—it was hard for him to know that he should play his king. When South won with the jack, the prospects for the defense deteriorated. The declarer cashed the spade ace and led to dummy's queen. East won with the king and returned the spade ten, forcing the jack. West gave up two hearts and took his ace when South led the king.

In the belief that South held the diamond king, West led his diamond ace—and was not happy when his partner dropped the king. He continued with the nine, allowing dummy's queen to make a trick. The position was now this:

Bridge hand diagrams showing North, South, West, and East cards and suits.

West led the diamond ten.

Solution to Previous Puzzle grid with letters.

Judging the heart position correctly, South now led the heart ten and finessed successfully. He now had to locate the club ace. As West had already produced the red ace and was known to have begun with a long diamond suit, South might easily have concluded that West would have bid if he held the club ace. He would have cashed his heart trick given up a spade to East, hoping that the club king would be his seventh trick, and would have been disappointed. But South drew an excellent inference. West had continued diamonds, giving dummy a trick from which the declarer was cut off, and an entry to boot. He would hardly have done this unless he had a sure entry for his remaining diamonds, and the entry could only be the club ace. On this reasoning, South led the last diamond from dummy and threw a club. West could make two diamond tricks, but had to lead from the club ace eventually, and South had seven tricks.

DENNIS THE MENACE



THEY WERE DOIN' A LOT OF MEOWIN', BUT THEY DONT SEEM TO BE HUNGRY.

JUMBLE—that scrambled word game

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

Jumble puzzle with words YORAF, KECAD, REJUN, SWEENT and a cartoon illustration.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: (Answers tomorrow) Yesterday's Jumbles: CYNIC YOKEL FOURTH LAXITY Answer: Dead to the world—EXTINCT

BOOKS

SIGMUND FREUD By Richard Wollheim, Viking, 292 pp. Hardcover, \$2.50; paper, \$3.25. WILLIAM BUTLER YEATS By Denis Donoghue, Viking, 160 pp. Hardcover, \$6.95; paper, \$2.50. Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

FREUD the father of psychoanalysis and Yeats the Irish poet: the connection between the two seems tenuous at first. Yet among the many virtues of Viking Press's Modern Masters series, under the editorship of the English critic Frank Kermode, is that it brings such disparate figures into phase with each other, as well as in tune with modern thought. So by reading these two latest volumes in the series side by side, we can apprehend a significant conflict of ideas.

Indeed, the contrast between the two figures is even more symmetrical. As Prof. Wollheim makes clear in his explanation of Freud's little-known, uncompleted study, "Project for a Scientific Psychology" (1895), Freud always felt bound to proceed from the physical base of mental activities; and since the physical basis of mind was not yet understood at the end of the 19th century (as it still is not), he felt he had to construct a theoretical model before he could speculate on its activities. Whereas by contrast, Yeats proceeded from the Self to the Other: According to Prof. Donoghue, his most significant accomplishment was to infuse his art with drama by achieving his own peculiar accommodation with the world that lay outside his imagination.

Taken by itself, Prof. Wollheim's "Sigmund Freud" is one of the less satisfying books in the series (which now includes 14 volumes). Admittedly, by treating the development of Freud's ideas chronologically and strictly in relation to the case studies and theoretical papers, Professor Wollheim gives us a far more sophisticated picture of Freudianism than the popular view affords. We can see, for instance, to what a great extent Freud's putative pansexualism has been overrated. We can begin to understand why some of his ideas seem to contradict one another. In fact, Prof. Wollheim proceeds so meticulously in placing theory in the context of development that one comes away sobered by the realization that any facile understanding of Freud is almost bound to be wrong.

By sticking so carefully to the record, Prof. Wollheim has left himself no room whatsoever to evaluate Freud's significance today. What about his pronouncements on women, for instance? Considering how they are now being attacked, it would surely have been worthwhile to emphasize how tentatively they were originally made. What about the disparate into which his theories of bisexuality and his study of Leonardo da Vinci have apparently fallen? Surely anyone with the patience to bear with Prof. Wollheim's abstract theoretical pro will feel astonished by the failure of assessment. If Freud truly is a modern master, they must be judged by modern standards.

Denis Donoghue is gratifying on the subject, for he has eschewed speculation and biography, devoted himself to a theory. Yeats's "sensitivity... so far," it manifests itself in the poems and plays. This angle of approach makes his treatment concise, thorough, and intellectually dramatic.

Yeats was a poet, Prof. Donoghue asserts. This is not merely self-evident as it seems since Yeats can easily be mistaken for a "political, orator, theoretician, journalist, public man." But his life, seemingly diverse if not disjointed, was unified by this consideration: everything ministered to his imagination, and was judged by that law. Moreover, as Prof. Donoghue goes to great pains to demonstrate through his interpretation of Yeats's major work, his crucial accomplishment was to absorb into that imagination and refine into his art the very world that lay outside his perceptions—the "thing in itself" that Berkeleyan idealism asserted man could never know.

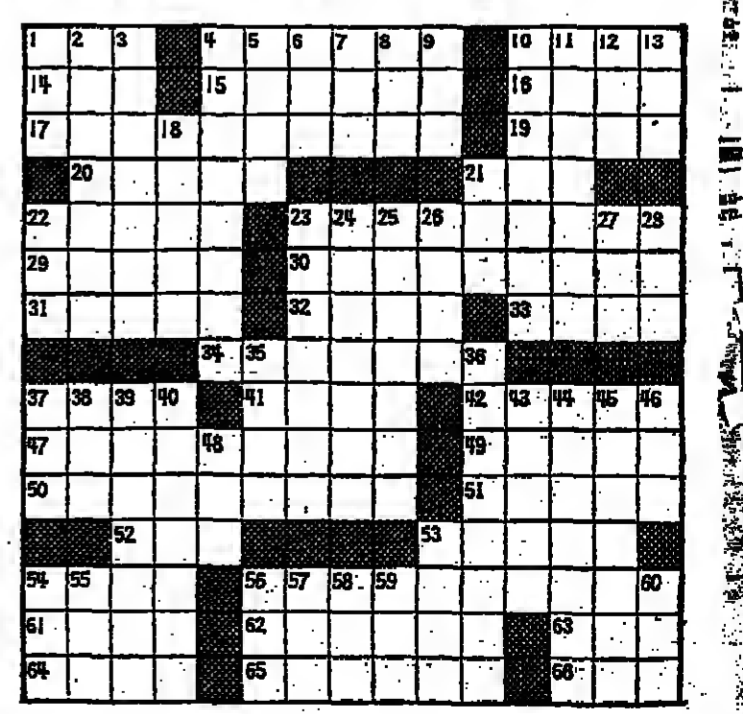
This accomplishment, as I've already said, can be seen as quite the opposite of Freud's. The two books need not be read together, but viewed alongside each other they dramatize a critical dilemma of modern thought—whether it is worthwhile for mankind to commit itself to the imaginative vision, or whether it might not be more productive to face what lies outside, as Jacques Monod so eloquently pleads in his recent "Chance and Necessity." It is probably a moot philosophical question, since few of us have a choice. And no object lesson can be drawn from the lives of Freud and Yeats: both men died (in 1939) holding equally pessimistic views of the future. Still, it is enlightening to compare the two men in such a light. The fact that we can do so with these two compact volumes reflects all the more credit on Mr. Kermode's valuable series.

Mr. Lehmann-Haupt is a New York Times book reviewer.

CROSSWORD

By Will Weng

- CROSSWORD clues: 1 Times of day, 4 Kind of numerals, 10 Physician's concern: Abbr., 14 Man in blue, 15 Fabric for "School Days" queen, 16 Feminine ending, 17 Writes reviews, 19 Sanctified, 20 Battery part, 21 In trim, 22 Prevent, 23 White House name, 29 Please, in Bonn, 30 Kind of paper, 31 Instance, 32 Cordón, 33 Flooring, 34 Opera's Renata, 37 Horse race, 41 Smee or smew, 42 — plume, 47 Switch about, 49 Unobtrusive, 50 Wheeler, 51 Family member, 52 Beachwarmer, 53 Place for a statue, 54 Door part, 56 Gourmands or gourmets, 61 Bedouin headcord, 62 Happen, 63 Ms. men, 64 Dwindle, 65 Hank Aaron, et al., 66 Spanish article, 13 Chemical prefix, 18 Patisserie item, 21 Initial trio, 23 Subcontracting, 24 Blow up, 25 Glove man, 26 Faux judge, 27 Painting, 28 Compass reading, 35 Israeli statesman, 36 Seeks to learn, 37 Infantryman: Abbr., 38 Kind of room, 39 Stroke, for one, 40 Bother, 43 Snow leopard, 44 Rumanian king, 45 Things to be taken out, 46 Mid season, 48 Difficulty, 49 In the buff, 54 Yank away, 55 Turkish leader, 56 Reflex, 57 Through, 58 Call — day, 59 Nib-mil, 60 Draft HQ



هكذا من الأجل

Browns Lead AFC Central Division

Catch Raider and Unitas Passes for Victory

Nov. 29 (AP)—The use of stiffed the highest scoring...

George Blanda tossed touchdown passes of 18 and four yards to Fred Biletnikoff...

goals of 40 and 35 yards by Don Cockerott and a one-yard run by Leroy Kelly...

Namath's Return Wasn't Up to His Super Standards

By Dave Anderson
MINE, Nov. 29 (NYT)—In the Jets' locker room, his father, Joe Namath was greeted by his father...

Taylor intercepted at midfield. Instinctively, the quarterback, moving stiff on his surgical knees, ran to protect the sideline...



ON TOP—Nebraska's Jeff Kinney goes over the Oklahoma line to score touchdown for the top-ranked Cornhuskers...

Reds Deal Lee May To Astros Acquire Morgan In 8-Man Trade

SCOTTSDALE, Ariz., Nov. 29 (AP)—The Houston Astros acquired slugger Lee May and second baseman Tommy Holmes from the Cincinnati Reds...

Orange Bowl Selections Turn Out to Be Super

By Gordon S. White
NEW YORK, Nov. 29 (NYT)—Ernie Selter, executive vice-president of the Orange Bowl, set the tone for the advance billing of the Alabama-Nebraska battle in Miami...

College Basketball Season Opens Tomorrow

A Must Rely on New Faces to Prolong Its Reign
That is changing. Although Penn remains the favorite for a third straight title, Princeton, Harvard and Dartmouth will be anything but also-rans...

Goldaper
Nov. 29 (NYT)—A basketball season night and night to write off the University of Angeles, since the four, last season...

Transfers at Rhode Island
Coach Tom Carmody brought five former New York high school stars together at Rhode Island from other colleges...

NFL Standings

Table showing NFL Standings for American Conference and National Conference, including Eastern and Western Divisions.

Red Wings Halt Unbeaten Streak Of Canadiens at 11

DETROIT, Nov. 29 (AP)—Detroit scored a pair of power-play goals in the first period last night and went on to beat Montreal, 4-2, in their National Hockey League game...

Britz Captures Golf Playoff

JOHANNESBURG, Nov. 29 (UPI)—Tienie Britz shot a five-under-par 67 yesterday to beat Peter Oosterhuis and Don Gammann for the South Africa Professional Golfers Association title...

OSWORN
UCLA, which lost record for the Bruins run for a sixth title...

Spitz Swims to 2 Triumphs
OSAKA, Japan, Nov. 29 (AP)—Mark Spitz of the United States won two races against the Japanese yesterday as an American team captured six of ten events in a swimming meet here...

Dolphins Play Stealers on Film

PARIS, Nov. 29 (UPI)—The Miami Dolphins face the Pittsburgh Steelers Wednesday on the screen of the Cinema le Triomphe in the National Football League's game of the week...

Lakers Streak To 14th Straight; Cavaliers Win

INGLEWOOD, Calif., Nov. 29 (UPI)—Jerry West, scoreless in first quarter, scored 19 points in the second period and the Los Angeles Lakers went on to rout the Seattle SuperSonics 138-121, last night for their 14th victory in a row...

The Scoreboard

HOSE RACING—At New York, Key to the Mint took the long way around the oval...

PARIS AMUSEMENTS

THE TWO ENGLISH WOMEN
FRANÇOIS TRUFFAUTS
THE NIGHT CLUB OF THE CHAMPS-ELYSEES
PussyCat

Soccer Suspension Lifted

LONDON, Nov. 29 (Reuters)—The English Football Association today lifted its life ban imposed in 1963 on Keith Williams, the former Bristol Rovers player who is at present in South Africa...

ABA Results

St. John's will be led by 6-5 Mel Davis, who last year averaged 30.7 points per game and 17.7 rebounds per game...

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

SITUATIONS WANTED
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HELP WANTED

AMERICAN FAMILY, 15th Street, N.Y. City, needs help for U.S. Army, mid-June, 1972...

